

Delegated Report

Lawful Development Certificate (Proposed)

Application no:	20240973
Location	Otarawairere, Henley Street, Luddesdown, Gravesend, Kent, DA13 0XB
Proposal:	Application for a Proposed Lawful Development Certificate; demolition of existing rear extensions, erection of a 4 metre single storey extension to rear of original dwelling only. Erection of a front porch and erection of a single storey home workshop/garage outbuilding within the rear garden.
Applicant:	Mr & Mr P Davison
Site Visit	N/A Desktop Assessment

Plans & Documents

Application Form – dated 25 October 2024;
 Planning Statement by Robinson Escott Planning LLP (ref. PH/24/204) – dated October 2024;
 Supplementary Information – Planning Permission (ref. TH/6/56/102);
 Supplementary Information – Planning Permission (ref. GR/84/537);
 Un-numbered Location Plan – Ordnance Survey Site Location Plan (scale – 1:1250);
 Un-numbered Location Plan – Block Plan as Existing (scale – 1:500);
 Un-numbered Location Plan – Block Plan as Proposed (scale – 1:500);
 Drawing no. HS/1 – Proposed Plans and Elevations;
 Drawing no. HS/2 – Detached Garden Building Plan;
 Drawing no. HS/3 – Existing Plans and Elevations.

Property Type

The property comprises a detached bungalow.

Material Consideration

Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended)

Relevant Planning History

Reference	Description	Decision	Decision Date
19840537	Erection of single storey rear extension to form breakfast room shower room and conservatory	PERMITTED	24.07.1984
19570197	stationing of caravan for residential use	PERMITTED	16.12.1957

19560112	Erection of a detached bungalow	PERMITTED	11.07.1956
19520302	Development of land for residential purposes.	NO OBJECTION	01.01.1900

Planning History Note

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt and as such it is important to establish the 'original dwelling'. The satellite images below demonstrate how the property has been extended:



December 1960



December 1990

Based on the historic evidence above, the original dwelling is as highlighted in red below (with the extensions in blue):



Therefore, the original footprint of the property is considered to be approx. 88m².

Officer Assessment

Permitted Developments Rights Restrictions

Article 2 (3) Land (AONB, Conservation Area)	Y
Article 4 Direction	Y
Permitted Development Rights Removed/Restricted	N

Class A - The enlargement, improvement or other alteration of a dwellinghouse

A.1	Development is not permitted by Class A if –	Y/N
(a)	permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P, PA or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use)	N
(b)	as a result of the works, the total area of ground covered by buildings within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse (other than the original dwellinghouse) would exceed 50% of the total area of the curtilage (excluding the ground area of the original dwellinghouse)	N
(c)	the height of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would exceed the height of the highest part of the roof of the existing dwellinghouse	N
(d)	the height of the eaves of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would exceed the height of the eaves of the existing dwellinghouse	N
(e)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall which – (i) forms the principal elevation of the original dwellinghouse; or (ii) fronts a highway and forms a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse	N N
(f)	subject to paragraph (g), the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have a single storey and – (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 4 metres in the case of a detached dwellinghouse, or 3 metres in the case of any other dwellinghouse, or (ii) exceed 4 metres in height	4m 4m
(g)	for a dwellinghouse not on article 2(3) land nor on a site of special scientific interest, the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have a single storey and - (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 8 metres in the case of a detached dwellinghouse, or 6 metres in the case of any other dwellinghouse, or (ii) exceed 4 metres in height;	N/A
(h)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have more than a single storey and – (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 3 metres, or	N/A

	(ii) be within 7 metres of any boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse being enlarged which is opposite the rear wall of that dwellinghouse;	
(i)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would be within 2 metres of the boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse, and the height of the eaves of the enlarged part would exceed 3 metres	N
(j)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse, and would – (i) exceed 4 metres in height, (ii) have more than a single storey, or (iii) have a width greater than half the width of the original dwelling; or	N/A
(ja)	any total enlargement (being the enlarged part together with any existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse to which it will be joined) exceeds or would exceed the limits set out in sub-paragraphs (e) to (j);	N
(k)	it would consist of or include – (i) the construction or provision of a verandah, balcony or raised platform, (ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a microwave antenna, (iii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe, or (iv) an alteration to any part of the roof of the dwellinghouse	N N N N
(l)	the dwellinghouse is built under Part 20 of this Schedule (construction of new dwellinghouses)	N
A.2	In the case of a dwellinghouse on article 2(3) land, development is not permitted by Class A if –	Y/N
(a)	it would consist of or include the cladding of any part of the exterior of the dwellinghouse with stone, artificial stone, pebble dash, render, timber, plastic or tiles;	N
(b)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse; or	N
(c)	the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have more than a single storey and extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse.	N
(d)	any total enlargement (being the enlarged part together with any existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse to which it will be joined) exceeds or would exceed the limits set out in sub-paragraphs (b) and (c).	N
A.3	Development is permitted by Class A subject to the following conditions –	Y/N
(a)	the materials used in any exterior work (other than materials used in the construction of a conservatory) must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwellinghouse;	Y

(b)	any upper-floor window located in a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse must be – (i) obscure-glazed, and (ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed; and	N/A
(c)	where the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse has more than a single storey, or forms an upper storey on an existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse, the roof pitch of the enlarged part must, so far as practicable, be the same as the roof pitch of the original dwellinghouse.	N/A

Class D - The erection or construction of a porch outside any external door of a dwellinghouse.

D.1	Development is not permitted by Class D if -	Y/N
(a)	permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P, PA or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use)	N
(b)	The ground area (measured externally) of the structure would exceed 3 square metres	N (3m)
(c)	Any part of the structure would be more than 3 metres above ground level; or	N (2.85m)
(d)	Any part of the structure would be within 2 metres of any boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse with a highway; or	N
(e)	the dwellinghouse is built under Part 20 of this Schedule (construction of new dwellinghouses)	N

Class E - The provision within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse of –

(a) any building or enclosure, swimming or other pool required for a purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse as such, or the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of such a building or enclosure; or

(b) a container used for domestic heating purposes for the storage of oil or liquid petroleum gas.

E.1	Development is not permitted by Class E if –	Y/N
(a)	Permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P, PA or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use);	N
(b)	The total area of ground covered by building, enclosures and containers within the curtilage (other than the original dwellinghouse) would exceed 50% of the total area of the curtilage (excluding the ground area of the original dwellinghouse);	N
(c)	Any part of the building, enclosure, pool or container would be situated on land forward of a wall forming the principal elevation of the original dwellinghouse;	N

(d)	The building would have more than a single storey;	N
(e)	The height of the building, enclosure or container would exceed – (i) 4 metres in the case of a building with a dual-pitched roof, (ii) 2.5 metres in the case of a building, enclosure or container within 2 metres of the boundary of the curtilage of dwellinghouse, or (iii) 3 metres in any other case;	N (3.9m) N N/A
(f)	The height of the eaves of the building would exceed 2.5 metres;	N (2.45m)
(g)	The building, enclosure, pool or container would be situated within the curtilage of a listed building;	N
(h)	It would include the construction or provision of a verandah, balcony or raised platform;	N
(i)	It relates to a dwelling or a microwave antenna; or	N
(j)	The capacity of the container would exceed 3,500 litres	N
(k)	the dwellinghouse is built under Part 20 of this Schedule (construction of new dwellinghouses)	N/A
E.2	In the case of any land within the curtilage of a dwellinghouse which is within – (a) An area of outstanding natural beauty; Development is not permitted by Class E if the total area of ground covered by buildings, enclosures, pools and containers situated more than 20 metres from any wall of the dwellinghouse would exceed 10 square metres.	N
E.3	In the case of any land within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse which is article 2(3) land, development is not permitted by Class E if any part of the building, enclosure, pool or container would be situated on land between a wall forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse and the boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse.	N

Class E Assessment

The outbuilding hereby proposed comply with the listed limits and conditions of Class E, Part 1, Schedule 2 of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015. However, this would apply to incidental buildings only as explained in the pre-amble. The Technical Guidance for Permitted development rights for householders (2019) states the following:

Class E sets out the rules on permitted development for buildings etc within the curtilage of a house (see page 7). Buildings which are attached to the house are not permitted under Class E (they would be subject to the rules in Class A). Buildings under Class E should be built for purposes incidental to the enjoyment of the house. Paragraph E.4 of Class E indicates that purposes incidental to the enjoyment

of the house includes the keeping of poultry, bees, pet animals, birds or other livestock for the domestic needs or personal enjoyment of the occupants of the house.

But the rules also allow, subject to the conditions and limitations below, a large range of other buildings on land surrounding a house. Examples could include common buildings such as garden sheds, other storage buildings, garages, and garden decking as long as they can be properly be described as having a purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the house. A purpose incidental to a house would not, however, cover normal residential uses, such as separate self-contained accommodation or the use of an outbuilding for primary living accommodation such as a bedroom, bathroom, or kitchen.

The proposed building is for use as a garage/workshop, which are considered to be incidental and for the personal enjoyment of occupants of the house. The plans do not include any primary living accommodation.

Therefore, the proposed outbuilding is considered to comply with the parameters of Class E of the GPDO and are incidental to the enjoyment of the main dwelling.

Conclusion

The proposed development complies with Classes A, D and E of **THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015, AS AMENDED**, and the **LAWFUL DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATE is GRANTED**.

Recommendation: <u>Grant</u> Lawful Development Certificate			
Case Officer:	Mr Ethan Bonthron	Team Leader:	Mrs Faye Walsh
Signed:		Signed:	
Dated:	19 th December 2024	Dated:	20 December 2024