

Application: 20250441

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE)
(ENGLAND) ORDER 2015 (AS AMENDED)**

NOTIFICATION OF GRANT OF PERMISSION TO DEVELOP LAND
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To: **Mrs Marina Dornelles de Mello
C/O Offset Architects
Nepicar House
London Road
Wrotham Heath
Sevenoaks
Kent
TN15 7RS**

TAKE NOTICE that the **GRAVESHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL**, the Local Planning Authority under the Town and Country Planning Acts, has **GRANTED PERMISSION** for development of land situate at:

**Inis Coilite
Tanyard Hill
Shorne
Gravesend
Kent
DA12 3EN**

and being **Demolition of existing rear conservatory. Erection of single storey rear extension and two storey side extension with roof lights. Change of catslide and dormer roof to front gable. Conversion of the loft space with dormers to rear roof slope. Fenestration alterations to windows and doors.** Your application dated 19th May 2025 is permitted subject to the following:-

1. The development to which this permission relates must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date on which this permission is granted.

Reason: In pursuance of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchases Act 2004.

2. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

9017-PD-001 - Floor Plans and Elevations as Existing and Site Location Plan
9017-PD-003 - Site Plan as Existing
9017-PD-003A - Floor Plans and Elevations as Proposed
9017-PD-003 - Site Plan as Existing (existing tree root plan)
9017-PD-004 - Site Plan as Proposed (proposed tree root plan)
9017-PD-004A - Site Plan as Proposed.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

3. The materials to be used in construction of the external surfaces of the development hereby permitted shall match those of the existing dwelling.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory visual relationship between the existing and the new development in accordance with Policy CS19 of the Gravesham Local Plan Core Strategy 2014.

4. Any residential window serving a bathroom/wc/ensuite must be fitted with obscure glass to a level equivalent to Pilkington Level 3 or above (or the nearest equivalent standard) only at all times.

Reason: To prevent undue overlooking of the adjoining property in accordance with Policy CS19 of the Local Plan Core Strategy 2014.

5. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, a one metre high protective fencing shall be put in place around the root protection area of the nearest tree and the fencing shall be retained in situ for the duration of the construction phase of the development. No materials, machinery or equipment associated with the development shall be stored within the root protection area of the tree.

Reason: In the interests of the health and longevity of the tree property in accordance with Policy CS19 of the Local Plan Core Strategy 2014.

6. The flat roof area of the single storey rear extension hereby permitted shall not be used as a balcony, roof garden or similar amenity area at any time.

Reason: In the interest of neighbouring privacy in accordance with Policy CS19 of the Gravesham Local Plan Core Strategy 2014.

INFORMATIVES:-

1 STATEMENT OF POSITIVE AND PROACTIVE APPROACH TO DECISION-MAKING

In accordance with Article 35 (2) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended), and paragraph 39 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) 2024, the Local Planning Authority has approached the assessment and determination of this application in a positive and creative way and, where appropriate, has worked pro-actively with the applicant to secure a development that is sustainable and that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area, and that is in accordance with the Development Plan for the area.

2 DEVIATION FROM APPROVED PLANS

It is possible that any proposed deviation from the approved plans could be classed as a 'material' change requiring a further application/permission. In the event that any change is proposed, applicants are advised to seek advice from the Local Planning Authority [as proceeding without the necessary permissions could nullify this permission].

3 BUILDING REGULATIONS CONSENT

The granting of planning permission is independent from the granting of Building Regulations consent (which may, or may not, be required). In the event of a change to the scheme granted planning permission being required to satisfy the Building Regulations, applicants are advised to seek advice from the Local Planning Authority [as proceeding without the necessary permissions could nullify this permission]. Please contact <https://www.stgbc.org.uk/> for further information and to make an application.

4 **PARTY WALL ACT 1996**

Applicants are reminded of their responsibilities under the Party Wall Act 1996. This legislation is not taken into account when determining a planning application and independent advice should be taken in this regard. In the event of application of this legislation requiring change to the permitted scheme, applicants are advised to seek advice from the Local Planning Authority [as proceeding without the necessary permissions could nullify this permission]. For more information please refer to <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-resolving-disputes-in-relation-to-party-walls/the-party-wall-etc-act-1996-explanatory-booklet>.

5 **PROTECTED BATS**

There is a risk that bats may occur at the development site. Many species of bat depend on buildings for roosting, with each having its own preferred type of roost. Most species roost in crevices such as under ridge tiles, behind roofing felt or in cavity walls and are therefore not often seen in the roof space. Bat roosts are protected all times by the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) even when bats are temporarily absent because, being creatures of habit, they usually return to the same roost site every year. Planning permission for development does not provide a defence against prosecution under this legislation or substitute for the need to obtain a bat licence if an offence is likely. If bats or evidence of bats is found during the works, the applicant is advised to stop work and follow advice from an independent ecologist or to contact the Bat Advice Service on 0345 1300 228, email enquiries@bats.org.uk or visit the Bat Conservation Trust website.

6 **PROTECTED BIRDS**

All wild birds and their nests are protected from harm under Section 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. As such, any works which may result in impacts to nesting birds should be conducted outside of the core nesting season which is March through August (inclusive) or under ecological supervision. A suitable exclusion zone should be established around any active bird nest in the event one is discovered during works; this exclusion zone should be maintained until all nesting birds have fledged and the nest is unoccupied.

7 **AGREEMENT FOR IMPOSITION OF PRE-COMMENCEMENT CONDITION(S)**

In accordance with The Town and Country Planning (Pre Commencement Conditions) Regulations 2018 and paragraph 36 of the Planning Practice Guidance the Local Planning Authority has agreed in writing with the applicant on 01 October 2025 to the inclusion of the following pre-commencement condition:

Condition 5 - Tree Root Protection Measures.

Dated: 1 October 2025

Civic Centre
Windmill Street
Gravesend
Kent
DA12 1AU

Shazad Ghani
MPhil, MA, BA (Hons)
Head of Planning
Planning Service

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**NOTIFICATION TO APPLICANT**

**APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE**

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your Local Planning Authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If this is a **householder application\*** which has been refused and you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision then you must do so within **12 weeks of the date of this notice**.
- For all other applications, refused or permitted, if you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.
- **For further information regarding Appeals and to make an application please click the relevant link:**  
<https://www.gov.uk/appeal-householder-planning-decision>  
<https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision>
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

#### **\*Householder applications**

These are:

- (a) applications for planning permission for development of an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse, or
- (b) an application for any consent, agreement or approval required by or under a planning permission, development order or local development order in relation to such development

but does **not** include –

- (i) an application for change of use;
- (ii) an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

#### **PURCHASE NOTICES**

If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State for the Environment refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he/she can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he/she render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

